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## Thermal Diffusivity of Heavily Doped Low Pressure Chemical Vapor Deposited Polycrystalline Silicon Films

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The thermal diffusivity of heavily doped low-pressure chemical vapor-deposited (LPCVD) polycrystalline silicon films is measured using polycrystalline silicon microbridges. The thermal diffusivity is extracted from the time dependence of the resistance of electrically heated microbridges in a high-vacuum chamber. The resistance decay is measured by heating the microbridge on a half cycle of a square wave and monitoring its resistance change in the other. The diffusivity obtained using this technique is  $0.17 \pm 0.01 \, \text{cm}^2 \text{s}^{-1}$ , a value consistent with previous measurements of the thermal conductivity.  $^{(1,2)}$ 

## 1. Introduction

The thermal diffusivity of heavily doped LPCVD polycrystalline silicon films is an important parameter in the design of polycrystalline-silicon-bridge flow sensors,  $^{(3-6)}$  since diffusivity is needed to compute their transient response. We describe an experiment carried out to determine this parameter through the use of electrically heated microbridge resistors. Figure 1 shows the cross section and top view of a polycrystalline-silicon microbridge of the type used in our experiments. Bridges of three different lengths (180, 230, and 280  $\mu$ m) made of polycrystalline silicon measuring 1.3  $\mu$ m in thickness and 3  $\mu$ m in width were elevated 3  $\mu$ m above the silicon substrate.