Sensors and Materials, 4, 4 (1993) 217-228 MYU, Tokyo

S & M 0113

## A Cryogenic Calorimeter for Precise Measurement of Weak Laser Power

## Takemi Inoue and Kyouhei Yamamura

Light and Radiowaves Section, Electrotechnical Laboratory, Umezono 1-1-4, Tsukuba, Ibaraki 305, Japan (Received May 13, 1992; accepted July 4, 1992)

Key words: cryo-calorimeter, laser power, precise measurement, absolute radiometry

A cryogenic calorimeter operating near liquid helium temperature has been studied for weak laser power measurement. The principles of the measurement and fabrication of the measurement system are described. Experiments on  $0.1 \sim 1 \,\mu\text{W}$  measurement have shown scatters of  $\pm 2.5 \sim 0.1\%$ . The principal causes are considered to be the instability of the environmental jacket and the temperature control characteristics of the absorber.

## 1. Introduction

With the increasing use of weak laser power, such as in the field of optical communication, optical instruments have been attaining better performance. A laser power standard, which is important in such technology, has been developed by the Electrotechnical Laboratory, and a standard of  $10\,\mu\mathrm{W}$  power with  $\pm0.2\%$  uncertainty has been established. Today, even weaker laser power measurement is increasingly required, especially for fiber optics and sensing technologies, and sensitive measurement techniques are desirable.

Here, we have fabricated and tested a cryogenic calorimeter working near liquid helium temperature.